



Subject:	UK Future Cities Commission		
Date:	20 th October 2023		
Reporting Officer:	John Walsh, Chief Executive John Tully, Director of City & Organisational Strategy		
Contact Officer:	Geoff Dickson, Strategic Planning & Policy Manager		
Restricted Reports	Restricted Reports		
Is this report restricted? Yes No X			
	iption, as listed in Schedule 6, of the exempt information by virtue of emed this report restricted.		
Insert number			
1. Information relating to any individual			
2. Information likely to	reveal the identity of an individual		
	3. Information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the		
council holding that			
	ection with any labour relations matter		
	on to which a claim to legal professional privilege could be maintained g that the council proposes to (a) to give a notice imposing restrictions on a		
	ake an order or direction		
	action in relation to the prevention, investigation or prosecution of crime		
If Yes, when will the repo	rt become unrestricted?		
After Commit	tee Decision		
After Council	Decision		
Sometime in	he future		
Never			
Call-in			
Is the decision eligible fo	r Call-in? Yes X No		
1.0 Purpose of Repo	rt/Summary of Main Issues		

1.1	To update members on the key recommendation	ons emanating from the UK Future Cities	
	Commission report and outline the Council's current position in relation to the proposed		
	recommendations.		
2.0	Recommendation		
2.1	The Committee is asked to:		
	Note the UK Future Cities Commission re	port.	
3.0	Main Report		
3.1	The UK Urban Futures Commission is an ambition	us enquiry established to unlock the	
	potential of the UK's cities. The Commission is le	d by the Royal Society of Arts in partnership	
	with Core Cities UK and Lloyds Banking Group and aims to work with cities and citizens to		
	develop a transformative national plan for their fu	ture.	
3.2	The Commission has recently published a report 'Unleashing the potential of the UK's cities' (see appendix 1) which was guided by three core questions:		
	 What are cities and what role do they play systems? What are the biggest challenge coming decades? 		
	2. In light of those challenges, what do we w	ant and need them to be?	
	3. How do we reach our vision for cities? When	nat steps can we take now to get there?	
3.3	The report produced a series of recommendation national government, each of which are summari summary of Council's current position against the	sed in the tables below, alongside a brief	
3.4	Recommendations for cities to consider		
	Recommendation 1: Cities need a plan to reple	enish and grow their natural, social and	
	economic assets.		
	Actions	BCC Position	
	1a) Form a City Coalition, reflecting the	The refreshed Belfast Agenda and the	
	plurality of leaders in a city, with actors from	supporting city governance arrangements	
	local government, business, anchor	is the mechanism for achieving this	
	institutions, and the community.	coalition in Belfast. A review of the	
		governance arrangements is currently	
		taking place to ensure they remain fit for	
		purpose. Likewise, the Belfast Region	
		City Deal is a further established	
		leadership space for the city driving game	

	changing programmes of work for the
	city.
1b) Develop a Local Prosperity Plan. Cities	This description resonates with elemen
should have a single long term strategic plan	of the refreshed Belfast Agenda with
for delivering 'prosperity' – defined in social,	themes focused on our People &
economic and ecological terms - for their	Communities, Our Economy, Our Place
citizens and beyond, co-developed by the City	Our Planet and a Compassionate City.
Coalition	
1c) Strengthen data and modelling	Lack of data is an ongoing issue for
capabilities, with a view to better	Belfast and NI (evidenced in the Future
measurement of economic, social and natural	Cities report where a lot of the
value, and modelling of the interconnected	comparative tables do not cover Belfas
effects of interventions across the three	due to a lack of available data). BCC
systems.	would welcome the opportunity to explo
	the data and modelling capabilities with
	other Core Cities members. There hav
	been recent discussions with NISRA to
	explore opportunities to jointly improve
	data modelling for Belfast and work
	continues with Queens University on G
	mapping. A Council data maturity
	assessment has been undertaken with
	view of assessing how we can better us
	data.
1d) Increase citizen participation through	The Belfast Agenda refresh commits to
residents' councils and juries. Ensuring the	enhanced citizen engagement. Work is
voices of different interests are heard is	currently being undertaken to develop a
important for the legitimacy and durability of	co-design framework for the Belfast
decision-making.	Agenda that will be brought to SP&R
C	Committee at a future date.

Actions	BCC Position
2a) Develop urban leadership schemes, to	To be further explored as part of the
build and retain the skills needed to transform	People Strategy. Work is ongoing
our cities.	regarding managing in a political
	environment.

2b) Co-fund the establishment of a Cities	Officers will consider further how this
Investment Hub, a central spine of specialist	would work in a devolved environment.
expertise available to all cities, delivering	
economies of scale to help develop Local	
Prosperity Plans and associated investment	
propositions.	
2c) Consider establishing an Urban Wealth	Officers will consider further how this
Fund to manage and increase local revenues	would work in a devolved environment.
from public sector assets.	Ongoing work on Strategic Site
	Assessments will ensure that public
	assets are being utilised strategically.
2e) Grant local authorities and mayoral	Whilst this specifically references
combined authorities in England more	England, it is recommended the Council
streamlined, long-term and flexible	strategically supports this
funding, putting an end to all current	recommendation as an alternative to the
competitive economic development funding	levelling up fund approach.
pots, and rolling those that are delivered at a	
local authority level into an integrated revenue	Council has commissioned an analysis of
and capital allocation for 'prosperity' in the	regeneration funds that are currently
Local Government Finance Settlement, on a	available to local authorities in GB.
multi-year basis.	
	<u> </u>

Recommendation 3: Cities need to secure investment to finance the plan.		
Actions	BCC Position	
3a) Catalyse private investment through	Council is currently exploring funding	
joint ventures and special purpose	models for regeneration and climate	
vehicles, for projects linked to the Local	related projects.	
Prosperity Plan.		
3b) Set up publicly capitalised investment	Work is ongoing regarding the	
funds, explicitly linked to social, economic	development of a portfolio of projects	
and ecological objectives in the Local	which will be used to target funding and	
Prosperity Plan.	investment opportunities.	
3c) Join with senior representatives of	It is recommended that Council explores	
financial institutions to commit to a Cities	this recommendation further.	
Investment Compact, with a commitment of		
5% of their assets directly contributing to filling		
the investment gap in the Core Cities by 2030.		
	1	

	3d) Host investment showcases to advertiseWork is ongoing regarding theinvestable, regenerative programmes to both domestic and foreign investors.development of a portfolio of projects which will be used to target funding and investment opportunities.
3.5	 Investment opportunities. Recommendations for national government to consider The Commission also provides a number of recommendations for national government that are required to support the work detailed in the report. Reinstate national industrial strategy with our largest cities at its heart. Mirroring Local Prosperity Plans, this should take account of outcomes across economic, social, and natural systems. It must also articulate cities' contribution, both individually and collectively. Introduce a new statutory purpose for city councils to generate prosperity in their place, defined by social and ecological as well as economic health. This new statutory purpose would place generating local prosperity on an equal footing to core services, providing the City Coalition with a strong mandate for action. Accelerate progress on the devolution of powers to local government in England, moving to the default presumption of powers and assets being devolved unless the UK Government can provide a strong rationale not to do so. Revise the remits of UK's major investment agencies to allow them to better support cities. Support responsible local borrowing for regenerative projects, deploying the Office for Local Government to offer better oversight and regulation and promoting investment in social and environmental capital through discounted interest rates. Enhance fiscal devolution through a target for HM Treasury to bring the share of taxes controlled locally to the OECD average by the end of the next parliament.
3.6	from a focus on net debt to net wealth, broadening the definition of capital to include social and natural dimensions and correcting for limitations in the Green Book. Following the launch of this report, Council will consider the Commission's recommendations further and work with Core Cities and other associated partners to review how they can be applied. These recommendations will also be taken forward internally through discussions during the corporate planning process over the coming months. Financial and Resource Implications There are no financial or resource implications associated with this report at this stage.

	Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment	
3.8	There are no Equality or Good Relations Implications/Rural Needs Assessment associated	
	with this report at this stage.	
4.0	Appendices - Documents Attached	
	Appendix 1 – 'Unleashing the potential of the UK's cities' report of the UK Urban Futures	
	Commission	